

Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name **Zinc Spray light 400 ml**
Chemical name and synonym **Protective zinc**

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use **Cold galvanizer for surfaces coating and protections.**

Identified Uses	Industrial	Professional	Consumer
Industrial Use		-	-
Professional Use	✓	✓	-

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name **WINKEL GmbH**
Full address **Lisztstraße 1**
District and Country **53881 Euskirchen - Germany**
Germany

Tel. **+49 2251 77 69 400-401**

Fax **+49 2251 77 69 402**

e-mail address of the competent person
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet

info@winkelgroup.de

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to

BfR Bundesinstitut für Risikobewertung: +49-30-18412-0
Ontario Poison Centre: +1 (800)-268-9017
Alberta Poison & Drug Information Service: +1 (800) 332-1414
Centre antipoison du Québec: +1 (800) 463-5060
Centro Antiveleni di Roma: 06 3054343 (Policlinico Gemelli - Roma)
Centro de Información Toxicológica en España: 91 5620420 (Inst. Nacional de Toxicología y Ciencias Forenses)
Pomorskie Centrum Toksykologii ul. Kartuska 4/6, 80-104 Gdańsk tel./fax: (58) 682 04 04
American Association of Poison Control Centers: +1 (800) 222-1222
Giftkontrollzentrum Berlin, Brandenburg 030 – 19 240

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Aerosol, category 1	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
	H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
Aspiration hazard, category 1	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Eye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P391	Collect spillage.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.

Contains: Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes
ETHYL ACETATE
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics

Statements on the aspiration toxicity classification were not included in the label elements, based on section 1.3.3. of Annex I to CLP.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) :

Special finishes.

VOC given in g/litre of product in a ready-to-use condition : 525,74
Limit value: 840,00

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Information not relevant

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)		
CAS 1330-20-7	$23 \leq x < 27$	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C
EC 215-535-7		
INDEX 601-022-00-9		
Reg. no. 01-2119488216-32-XXXX		
PROPANE		
CAS 74-98-6	$19 \leq x < 23$	Flam. Gas 1 H220, Press. Gas (Liq.) H280, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: U
EC 200-827-9		
INDEX 601-003-00-5		
Reg. no. 01-2119486944-21-0046		
Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes		
CAS 64742-49-0	$15 \leq x < 19$	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: P
EC 265-151-9		
INDEX 649-328-00-1		
Reg. no. 012119484651-34-XXXX		
BUTANE		
CAS 106-97-8	$9 \leq x < 11$	Flam. Gas 1 H220, Press. Gas (Liq.) H280, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C U
EC 203-448-7		
INDEX 601-004-00-0		
Reg. no. 01-2119474691-32-XXXX		
ETHYL ACETATE		
CAS 141-78-6	$7 \leq x < 9$	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
EC 205-500-4		
INDEX 607-022-00-5		
Reg. no. 01-2119475103-46-XXXX		



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Aluminium powder (stabilised)

CAS 7429-90-5

$3 \leq x < 5$

Flam. Sol. 1 H228, Water-react. 2 H261, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: T

EC 231-072-3

INDEX 013-002-00-1

Reg. no. 01-2119529243-45-XXXX

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics

CAS -

$1 \leq x < 3$

Asp. Tox. 1 H304

EC 918-481-9

INDEX -

Reg. no. 01-2119457273-39-XXXX

Zinc powder (stabilised)

CAS 7440-66-6

$1 \leq x < 2,5$

Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: T

EC 231-175-3

INDEX 030-001-01-9

Reg. no. 01-2119467174-37-XXXX

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

The product is an aerosol containing propellants. For the purposes of calculation of the health hazards, propellants are not considered (unless they have health hazards). The percentages indicated are inclusive of the propellants.

Percentage of propellants: 31,01 %

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.



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UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

Aluminium powder (stabilised)

Sabbia asciutta; Polvere speciale contro la combustione dei metalli. Mezzi d'estinzione non idonei: acqua, schiuma Polvere ABC, anidride carbonica (CO₂).

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

If overheated, aerosol cans can deform, explode and be propelled considerable distances. Put a protective helmet on before approaching the fire. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site. Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not disperse in the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Use inert absorbent material to soak up leaked product. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not spray on flames or incandescent bodies. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Do not breathe spray.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a place where adequate ventilation is ensured, away from direct sunlight at a temperature below 50°C / 122°F, away from any combustion sources.



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7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

DEU	Deutschland	TRGS 900 (Fassung 31.1.2018 ber.) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte
ESP	España	INSHT - Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2017
FRA	France	JORF n°0109 du 10 mai 2012 page 8773 texte n° 102
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
POL	Polska	ROZPORZĄDZENIE MINISTRA PRACY I POLITYKI SPOŁECZNEJ z dnia 7 czerwca 2017 r
PRT	Portugal	Ministério da Economia e do Emprego Consolida as prescrições mínimas em matéria de protecção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos para a segurança e a saúde devido à exposição a agentes químicos no trabalho - Diário da Republica I 26; 2012-02-06
EU	TLV-ACGIH RCP TLV	ACGIH 2018 ACGIH TLVs and BEIs – Appendix H

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
		mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	
AGW	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN
MAK	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN
VLA	ESP	221	50	442	100	SKIN
VLEP	FRA	221	50	442	100	SKIN
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100	
VLEP	ITA	221	50	442	100	SKIN
NDS	POL	100		200		SKORA
VLE	PRT	221	50	442	100	SKIN
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150	

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water		327		µg/l
Normal value in marine water		327		µg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment		12,46		mg/kg/d
Normal value for marine water sediment		12,46		mg/kg/d
Normal value of STP microorganisms		6,58		mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment		2,31		mg/kg/d

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers				
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				1,6 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation				14,8 mg/m ³			289 mg/m ³	77 mg/m ³
Skin				108 mg/kg bw/d				180 mg/kg bw/d

**Zinc Spray light 400 ml****PROPANE****Threshold Limit Value**

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm
AGW	DEU	1800	1000	7200	4000
MAK	DEU	1800	1000	7200	4000
NDS	POL	1800			
TLV-ACGIH			1000		

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes**Threshold Limit Value**

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm
NDS	POL	500		1500	
OEL	EU			72	
RCP TLV		1200			

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers				
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				1301 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation				1137 mg/m3				5306 mg/m3
Skin				1377 mg/kg bw/d				13964 mg/kg bw/d

BUTANE**Threshold Limit Value**

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm
AGW	DEU	2400	1000	9600	4000
MAK	DEU	2400	1000	9600	4000
VLA	ESP		1000		
VLEP	FRA	1900	800		
WEL	GBR	1450	600	1810	750
NDS	POL	1900		3000	
TLV-ACGIH			1000		

ETHYL ACETATE**Threshold Limit Value**

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm
AGW	DEU	1500	400	3000	800
MAK	DEU	1500	400	3000	800
VLA	ESP	1460	400		
VLEP	FRA	1400	400		
WEL	GBR		200		400
NDS	POL	734		1468	
OEL	EU	734	200	1468	400



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Oral	NPI		3,95 mg/kg bw/d
Inhalation	NPI	3,72 mg/m3	3,72 mg/m3

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value for the atmosphere NPI

Zinc powder (stabilised)

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm
MAK	DEU	0,1		0,4	RESP

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	20,6	µg/l
Normal value in marine water	6,1	µg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	117,8	mg/kg/d
Normal value for marine water sediment	56,5	mg/kg/d
Normal value of STP microorganisms	100	µg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	35,6	mg/kg/d

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers				
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral		NPI		830 µg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	NPI	NPI	NPI	2,5 mg/m3	NPI	NPI	NPI	5 mg/m3
Skin	NPI	NPI	NPI	83 mg/kg/d	NPI	NPI	NPI	83 mg/kg bw/d

ZINC OXIDE

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm
MAK	DEU	1		1	
VLA	ESP	2		10	
VLEP	FRA	5			
NDS	POL	5		10	
TLV-ACGIH		2		10	

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	20,6	µg/l
Normal value in marine water	6,1	µg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	117,8	mg/kg/d
Normal value for marine water sediment	56,5	mg/kg/d
Normal value of STP microorganisms	100	µg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	35,6	mg/kg/d
Normal value for the atmosphere	NPI	

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic local



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				systemic		systemic		systemic
Oral	NPI	NPI	NPI	830 µg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	NPI	NPI	NPI	2,5 mg/m ³	NPI	NPI	500 µg/m ³	5 mg/m ³
Skin	NPI	NPI	NPI	83 mg/kg bw/d	NPI	NPI	NPI	83 mg/kg bw/d

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

TLV of solvent mixture: 523 mg/m³

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

None required.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, a mask with a type AX filter combined with a type P filter should be worn (see standard EN 14387).

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	aerosol
Colour	aluminum / light gray
Odour	characteristic of solvent
Odour threshold	Not available

pH	Not available
Melting point / freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point	Not available
Boiling range	Not available
Flash point	< 0 °C
Evaporation Rate	Not available
Flammability of solids and gases	flammable gas
Lower inflammability limit	Not available
Upper inflammability limit	Not available
Lower explosive limit	Not available
Upper explosive limit	Not available
Vapour pressure	Not available
Vapour density	Not available
Relative density	20°C 0,70 ÷ 0,74 g/ml
Solubility	insoluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available
Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity	Not available
Explosive properties	not applicable
Oxidising properties	not applicable

9.2. Other information

Total solids (250°C / 482°F)	18,61 %
VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) :	73,02 % - 525,74 g/litre
VOC (volatile carbon) :	91,24 % - 656,95 g/litre

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

ETHYL ACETATE

Si decompone lentamente ad acido acetico ed etanolo per l'azione di luce, aria e acqua.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. Reacts violently with: strong oxidants, strong acids, nitric acid, perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with: air.

ETHYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: alkaline metals, hydrides, oleum. May react violently with: fluorine, strong oxidising agents, chlorosulphuric acid, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

Aluminium powder (stabilised)

Develops hydrogen on contact with: water.

Develops hydrogen on contact with: acids,alkalis,halogens,oxidising agents.

Zinc powder (stabilised)

Risk of explosion on contact with: ammonium nitrate,ammonium sulphide,barium peroxide,lead nitride,chlorates,chromium trioxide,sodium hydroxide,oxidising agents,performic acid,acids,tetrachloromethane,water.May react dangerously with: alkaline hydroxides,bromine pentafluoride,calcium chloride,fluorine,hexachloroethane,nitrobenzene,potassium dioxide,carbon disulphide,silver.Reacts with: strong acids,strong alkalis.May develop: hydrogen.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating.

ETHYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: light,sources of heat,naked flames.

Zinc powder (stabilised)

Avoid exposure to: heat,moisture.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong reducing or oxidising agents, strong acids or alkalis, hot material.

ETHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: acids,bases,strong oxidants,aluminium,nitrates,chlorosulphuric acid.Incompatible materials: plastic materials.

Zinc powder (stabilised)

Incompatible with: water,acids,strong alkalis.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Information not available

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effectsMetabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Toxic effect on the central nervous system (encephalopathy); irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

Interactive effects

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Intake of alcohol interferes with the metabolism of the substance, inhibiting it. Ethanol consumption (0.8 g/kg) before a 4-hour exposure to xylene vapours (145 and 280 ppm) causes a 50% reduction in the excretion of methyl hippuric acid, whereas the concentration of xylenes in the blood increases approx. 1.5-2 times. At the same time there is an increase in the secondary side effects of the ethanol. The metabolism of the xylenes is increased by phenobarbital and 3-methyl-colantrene type enzyme inducers. Aspirin and xylenes mutually inhibit their conjugation with the glycine, which results in a decrease in urinary excretion of methyl hippuric acid. Other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of xylenes.

ACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture:

> 20 mg/l

LD50 (Oral) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:

>2000 mg/kg

Aluminium powder (stabilised)

LD50 (Oral) > 15000 mg/kg bw rat

LC50 (Inhalation) 888 mg/m³/4h rat

Zinc powder (stabilised)

LD50 (Oral) > 2000 mg/kg bw rat

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

LD50 (Oral) > 3000 mg/kg rat

LD50 (Dermal) > 1700 mg/kg rabbit

LC50 (Inhalation) 5000 ppm/4h rat

BUTANE

LC50 (Inhalation) > 1442,738 mg/l/15min rat

PROPANE

LC50 (Inhalation) 800000 ppm 15 min

ETHYL ACETATE

LD50 (Oral) 11,3 mg/kg bw rat

LD50 (Dermal) 20000 mg/kg bw rabbit

LC50 (Inhalation) > 22,5 mg/l/6h rat

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes

LD50 (Oral) > 2000 mg/kg bw rat

LD50 (Dermal) > 2000 mg/kg bw rabbit

LC50 (Inhalation) > 25 mg/l/4h air (rat)

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics

LD50 (Oral) > 5000 mg/kg bw rat

LD50 (Dermal) 2000 mg/kg bw rat

LC50 (Inhalation) > 4 mg/l/4h rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class



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GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).
The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Toxic for aspiration

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and is toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on acquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Aluminium powder (stabilised)

LC50 - for Fish	> 78 µg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	1,5 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	16,9 µg/l
Chronic NOEC for Fish	25,1 µg/l 7 days
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	5 µg/l 48 h
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	45,7 mg/l 4 days

Zinc powder (stabilised)

LC50 - for Fish	112 µg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	155 µg/l/48h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	720 µg/l 84 days
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	300 µg/l 3 months
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	20 µg/l 4 days

Zinc Spray light 400 ml**XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)**

LC50 - for Fish	2,6 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	4,6 mg/l/72h
EC10 for Crustacea	1,9 mg/l/21d
Chronic NOEC for Fish	1,3 mg/l 56 days
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	960 µg/l 7 days
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	440 µg/l 73 h

BUTANE

LC50 - for Fish	> 24,11 mg/l/96h
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PROPANE

LC50 - for Fish	85,82 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	41,82 mg/l/48h

ETHYL ACETATE

LC50 - for Fish	230 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	100 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	9,65 mg/l 32 days
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	2,4 mg/l 21 days

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes

LC50 - for Fish	8,41 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	4,7 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 12 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	6,47 mg/l

**Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes,
isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics**

Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	1000 mg/l 72 hours
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12.2. Persistence and degradability**PROPANE**

Global Warming Potential (GWP): 3. Ozone Depletion Potential (ODP): 0.

Aluminium powder (stabilised)

Solubility in water	0 mg/l
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Degradability: information not available

Zinc powder (stabilised)

Solubility in water	0,1 - 100 mg/l
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Degradability: information not available

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Solubility in water	146 - 208 mg/L @ 25 °C and pH 7 mg/l
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Rapidly degradable

TALC

NOT rapidly degradable

BUTANE

Solubility in water 0,1 - 100 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

PROPANE

Solubility in water 0,1 - 100 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

ETHYL ACETATE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes

Rapidly degradable

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes,
isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics
Rapidly degradable

But failing the 10-day window (100%).

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3,12

BCF 25,9

BUTANE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1,09

PROPANE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1,09

ETHYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,68

BCF 30

12.4. Mobility in soil

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Partition coefficient: soil/water 2,73

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes

Partition coefficient: soil/water 1,78

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

Product residues are considered hazardous special waste. Do not dispose of in wastewater.

Empty cylinders, although completely emptied, should not be dispersed in the environment.

The overheated aerosol container at a temperature above 50 °C may burst even if it contains a small gas residue.

Waste transport may be subject to ADR.

Refer to applicable regulations.

European Waste Catalog (contaminated containers):

Aerosol as a household waste is excluded from the application of the above standard.

The exhausted commercial / industrial aerosol can be classified as: 15.01.10 *: packaging containing residues of dangerous or contaminated substances.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, 1950
IATA:

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: AEROSOLS
IMDG: AEROSOLS (Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes)
IATA: AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 2 Label: 2.1

IMDG: Class: 2 Label: 2.1

IATA: Class: 2 Label: 2.1



14.4. Packing groupADR / RID, IMDG, -
IATA:**14.5. Environmental hazards**ADR / RID: Environmentally
Hazardous

IMDG: Marine Pollutant



IATA: NO

For Air transport, environmentally hazardous mark is only mandatory for UN 3077 and UN 3082.

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: --

Limited
Quantities: 1
LTunnel
restriction
code: (D)IMDG: Special Provision: -
EMS: F-D, S-ULimited
Quantities: 1
L

IATA: Cargo:

Maximum
quantity: 150
KgPackaging
instructions:
203

Pass.:

Maximum
quantity: 75
KgPackaging
instructions:
203

Special Instructions:

A145, A167,
A802**14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code**

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: P3a-E2

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006Product
Point 40Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None



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Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) :

Special finishes.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been performed for the following contained substances

BUTANE

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Gas 1	Flammable gas, category 1
Aerosol 1	Aerosol, category 1
Aerosol 3	Aerosol, category 3
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, category 3
Flam. Sol. 1	Flammable solid, category 1
Water-react. 2	Substance or mixture which in contact with water emits flammable gas, category 2
Press. Gas (Liq.)	Liquefied gas
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2
H220	Extremely flammable gas.

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H228	Flammable solid.
H261	In contact with water releases flammable gases.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may burst if heated.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

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2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
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4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
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7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament

8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
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12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
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- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01 / 02.